

Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan (JSCP)

Briefing prepared for Joint Medical Planners Working Group

10 January 01

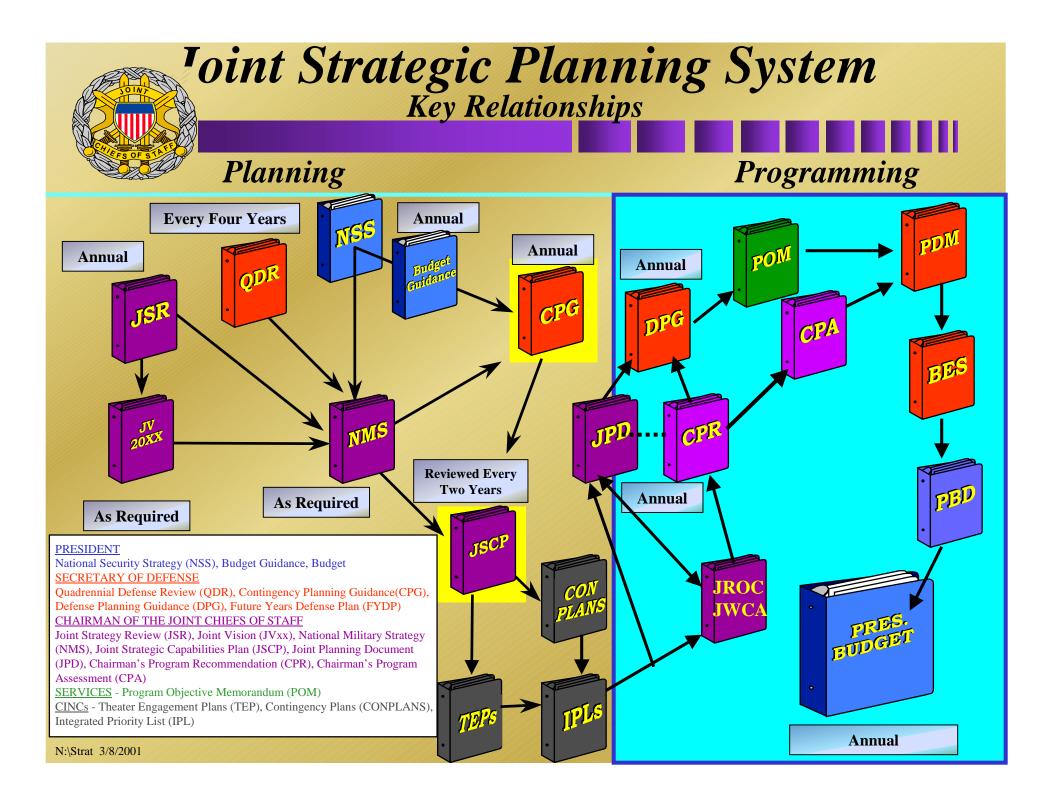
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Strategic Planning Sequence Role of the Contingency Planning Guidance JSCP Tutorial What's new in JSCP 98-1

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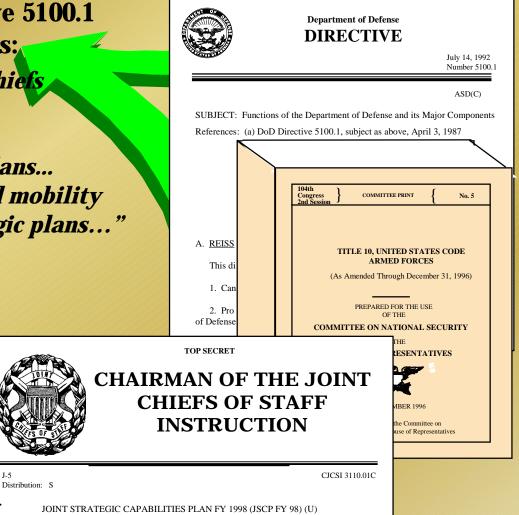


JCS Planning Requirements

- > Title 10 and DOD Directive 5100.1 contain CJCS requirements:
- *"The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs* of Staffs shall be responsible
 - for the following:
 - Preparing Strategic Plans...
 - > **Preparing joint logistic and mobility** plans to support those strategic plans..."

I-5

> CJCS fulfills this responsibility by **publishing the Joint Strategic Capabilities** Plan and its 13 supplemental instructions.

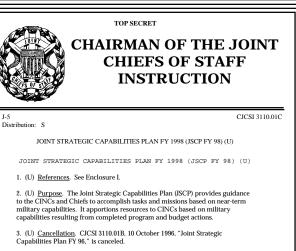




JSCP Purpose

Tasks CINCs to prepare operations plans





4. (U) $\underline{\rm Applicability.}$ This instruction applies to the CINCs, Services, Defense agencies, and Joint Staff.

5. (U) Policy

a. (U) This instruction provides strategic planning direction for deliberate plans to be developed following JSCP distribution. The Joint Staff will coordinate the

PORTIONS AUTHORIZED FOR RELEASE TO CANADA Classified by Vice Admiral John Scott Redd, DJ-5, Reason: 1.5(a) Declassify on: X-4

TOP SECRET

Guides CINCs and Services in missions and tasks

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Apportions



resources to CINCs based on military capabilities resulting from completed budget actions

Reviewed Biennially--Published As Required





JSCP Supplemental Instructions

- > Intelligence (J-2)
- > Logistics (J-4)
- > Nuclear (J-5)
- > PsychologicalOperations (J-3)
- > Special Operations (J-3)
- > NBC Defense; Riot
 Control Agents; and
 Herbicides (J-5)

- Geospatial Info and Services (J-3)
- > Info Ops (J-3)
- > C4 Systems (J-6)
- > Mobility (J-4)
- > Civil Affairs (J-3)
- > Mobilization (J-4)
- Special Technical Operations (J-3)
- Consequence Management (J-3)



The NMS Says...

"As a global power with worldwide interests, it is imperative that the United States be able to deter and defeat nearly simultaneous, large-scale, cross-border aggression in two distant theaters in overlapping timeframes, preferably in concert with regional allies."



OPLANS



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> TASKED WHEN:

Compelling national interest

- > Specific threat
- Size of contingency requires detailed planning to resolve complex issues
- > COMPLETE AND DETAILED JOINT OPERATIONAL PLAN
- > REQUIRES TPFDD AND ALL ANNEXES





CONPLAN WITH TPFDD

> TASKED SAME AS CONPLAN <u>EXCEPT</u>:

- > More compelling national interest
- > Requires detailed planning to resolve complex issues
- > Not likely to occur in the near-term
- ➤ REQUIRES A TPFDD
- > SOME ANNEXES NOT REQUIRED





CONPLANS

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➤ TASKED WHEN:

- > Less compelling national interest than OPLAN
- > Non-specific threat
- > Security agreements require contingency planning
- Smaller scale of contingency requires only general capabilities-based concepts
- > SOME ANNEXES NOT REQUIRED

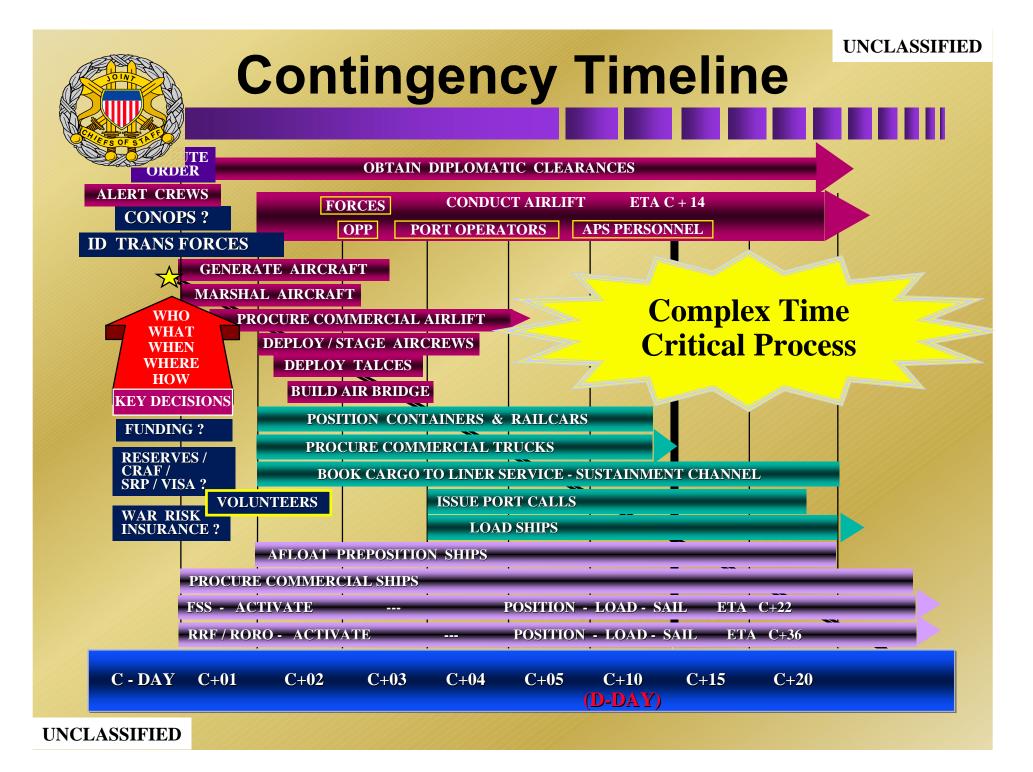






MILITARY OPERATIONS IN A PEACETIME OR PERMISSIVE ENVIRONMENT SAME FORMAT AS CONPLAN











- Currently in Final Draft stage
 - > TANK discussions
- > Why Change 1 vs JSCP 2000?
- > What's new in JSCP 98-1
 - > Eliminates Prioritized Regional Objectives (PROs)
 - > Eliminates Force Enhancements (FEs)
 - > Eliminates tables and figures duplicated in Supplements



Planning Guidance for SSCs

- Normally limited in scale and duration
- Include full range of military operations short of major (or nuclear) theater war including:
 - NEO
 - Show of Force
 - Lines of Communication (air and sea)
 - No-fly zone enforcement
 - Direct intervention
 - Counterproliferation and counterterrorism
 - Peace support operations and HUMRO



Complex Contingencies

- New form of planning directive
- Designed to address planning issues such as those found in SFOR, KFOR, and Support Hope operations
- Current language in draft with OSD and JCS
- Expect Mod 1 to JSCP 98 or JSCP 20XX to address

EUCOM Regional Objectives

- Protect through overseas presence
 - US and allied assets/interests
- Participate in NATO
- Promote Balkans stability
- Develop positive relationships with Eastern Europe
- Promote regional stability in Africa



Prioritized Regional Objectives

TIER I- Vital

- Protect access to markets and strategic natural resources
- Fufill US treaty requirements and NATO membership obligations for Article 5
- Continue to provide nuclear umbrella
- Maintain freedom of access to international waters and airways
- Maintain adequate basing, access rights, facilities, infrastructure to support full range of US military operations and activities

Prioritized Regional Objectives

TIER I- Vital

- Prevent use or threat of use of NBC weapons and associated delivery systems
- Protect US citizens, nationals, and facilities for the conduct of non-combatant operations
- Combat terrorism or its sponsorship
- Prevent emergence of a regional coalition or hegemon hostile to US interests



Prioritized Regional Objectives

TIER II - Important

- Preserve/enhance US leadership and influence in Europe through NATO
- Build positive NATO relations with Russia
- Engage central European democracies in security relationships (bilat and multilateral)
- Continue US leadership in PfP
- Support ongoing efforts on NATO enlargement
- Deter, contain, and resolve ethnic and regional conflict

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